"What is SubCooling?"

Subcooling is the difference between the measured temperature and the temperature at which the fluid would boil at a given pressure.

For example if the measured temp of 22(v) refrigerant is 110 °F at 260 PSIG, then we can refer to the refrigerant pressure-temperature (PV) chart to see what the boiling temperature of the particular refrigerant is at 260 PSIG; In this case the chart reads 120°. Thus our subcooling is 10° (Computed as 120° - 110° = 10°).

| | Temperature ºF | | |
|------|----------------------------|-------|---------|
| | Yellow | Green | Green |
| PSIG | Refrigerant (Sporlan Code) | | |
| | 12 (f) | 22(v) | 124 (m) |
| 5* | -29 | -43 | 3 |
| 4* | -28 | -47 | 4 |
| 3* | -26 | -45 | 6 |
| ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| 250 | 156 | 11/ | 188 |
| 260 | 159 | 120 | 192 |
| 275 | 163 | 124 | 196 |

Measured Temp=110°

120° - 110° = 10°

SubCooling = 10°



